

ANG Total Force Awareness Training (TFAT)

Ancillary Refresher Program

Force Protection





Significant Terrorist Events

The New York Times

PARIS TERRORIST ATTACKS KILL OVER 100; FRANCE DECLARES STATE OF EMERGENCY

Bursts of Chaos and Horror Once Again

By LIZ ALDERMAN and JIM YARDLEY

PARIS -- The night was chilly but thick with excitement as the big match between France's na-tional soccer team and archrival Germany was underway at the national stadium in a northern suburb of Paris. President Francois Hollande watched with the crowd as the French player pushed the ball across midfield.

Then came the sharp upmis-



Series of Shootings and Blasts, Apparently Coordinated

By ADAM NOSSITER and RICK GLADSTONE

François Höllunde called an un-precidented terrorist attack on conflicts in Syria and elsewhere

PARIS -- The Paris area reoled Those attacks traumatized Viday night from a shooting France and other countries in Euampage, explosions and mass rope, which grappled with fears ostage-taking that President of religious extremism and viorance. His government un- in the Middle East and North Af-

France. His government aninconneit sharply incrused borfice.

Interpretable of the control and heightened poder controls and heightened police powers as it impollited the
studium, the Stade of France,
military in a national emergency.

French television and meanew was an apparent suicide borninervices quoted the police as saying, not covered as Germany and
ing that wound file people had beFrance were playing a sector. been killed at a concert site match, forcing a hasty evacua-where hostages had been held tion of Mr. Hollande. As the scope furing a two-bour standoff with of the assaults quickly became



HASAN MURDER TRIAL



of 13 counts premeditated murder and 32 counts attempted murder

BREAKING NEWS

FORT HOOD GUNMAN GUILTY ON ALL COUNTS Convicted of 1st-degree murder & attempted murder



N" ► PRESIDENT SUGGESTS SHORTENING LAW SCHOOLS PROGRA DOW . 46.62

The Boston Globe Marathon terror



3 killed, 130 hurt by bombs







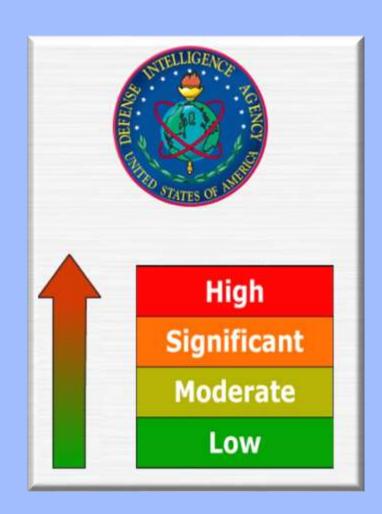
Terrorism Threat Levels

HIGH – Anti-U.S. terrorists are operationally active and use large casualty producing attacks as their preferred method of operation.

SIGNIFICANT – Anti-U.S. terrorists are present and attack personnel as their preferred method of operation.

MODERATE – Terrorists are present but there are no indications of Anti-U.S. activity.

LOW – No group is detected or the group's activity is non-threatening.





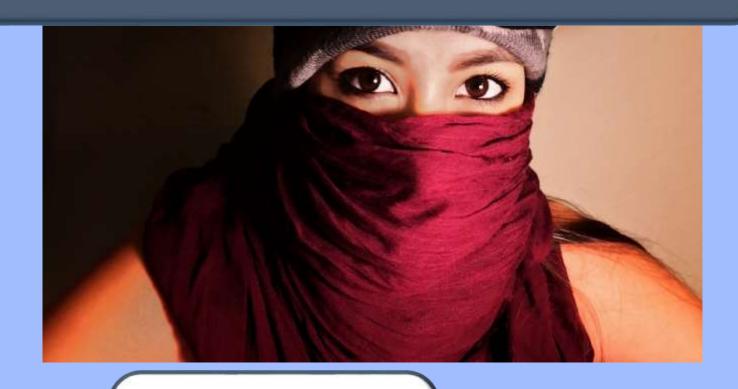
First factor

Are there any terrorist groups in my area?





Second factor



Are they violent?



If violent-

Do they attack Americans?





Activity factor

How active are they?





Sophistication factor





Cultural factors

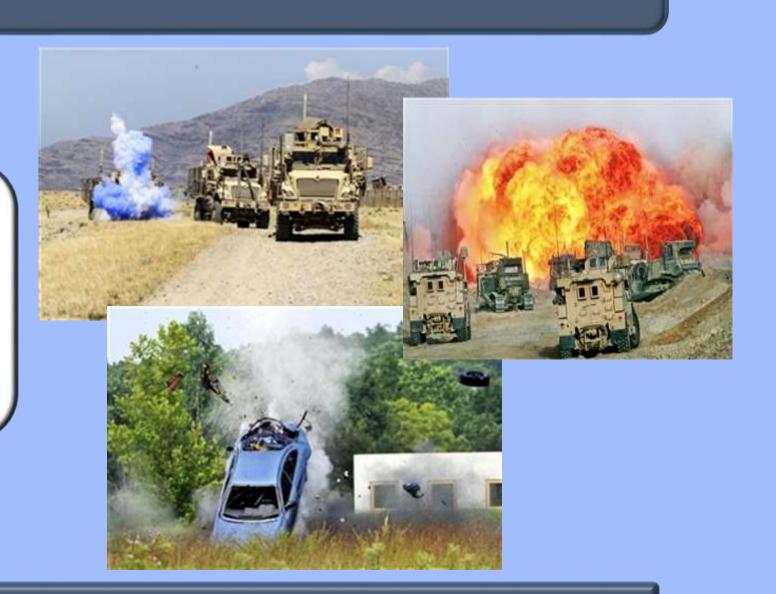
Will the local population warn Americans?





Tactical factors

What tactics?
What type of attack?





Operational factors

How do they operate?

Are they predictable?





Select and Identify Targets





Indicators of Potential Terrorist Activity

What to look for?



Surveillance

Someone recording or monitoring activities

Cameras

Note taking

Drawing diagrams

Writing on maps

Using binoculars





Elicitation

Attempts to gain information about military operations through various means.

Mail

Fax

Phone

In person





Test of Security



Attempts to measure reaction times by security forces or law enforcement.

Attempts to penetrate physical security barriers or procedures.



Acquiring Supplies

Purchasing or stealing materials such as:

Explosives

Weapons

Ammo

Uniforms

Flight Manuals

Passes or Badges

Any other controlled item





Dry Run

May include pre-operational surveillance, such as:

Mapping out routes
Determining traffic flow



Similar to a dress rehearsal/scrimmage





Deploying Assets

Placing people/supplies in position

Final opportunity to alert authorities.

See Something,
Say Something







AF Eagle Eyes



Neighborhood watch, on base and off.



Individual Protective Measures

General Security

Travel Security

In-Transit Security

Home Security

Cyber Security





General Security

OPSEC - Protect Information about yourself and what you do.

- Be alert.
- Support suspicious activity.

You are the first line of defense!





Travel Security

Complete required AT training.

Know locations of US Embassy.

Avoid use of rank or military affiliation on reservations or travel documents.

Travel on tourist passport.





Hotel Security

Upon entering your hotel room inspect the locks on the doors, windows, and safe.

Inspect the areas that could conceal a weapon or bomb such as the dresser and closet.





Tourism Safety

Research the potential threat conditions.

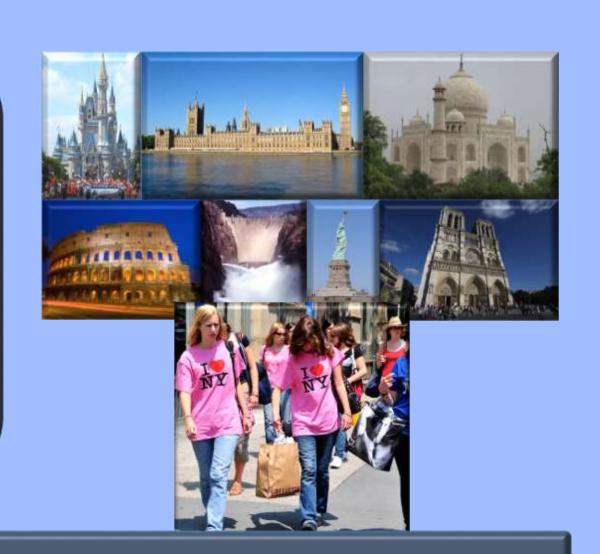
Don't travel alone.

Conceal your military affiliation.

Conform to local culture.

Avoid religious sites where your presence may be offensive.

Be aware of suspicious behavior.





In- Transit Security

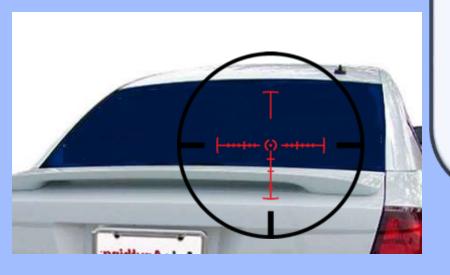
Check vehicle for tampering.

Keep vehicle secure.

Be unpredictable with routes and parking.

Maintain a low profile.

- Consider civilian clothing and
- Avoid car markings that can identify your affiliation.







In-Transit Security





Never touch Suspicious items!!



In-Transit Security

Check traveler's tips from U.S. Consulate Offices, travel agencies, and websites.

Think Security

Report suspicious activity







In-Transit Security



If you need to take a taxi during your trip, look for the distinctive markings of a legitimate taxi company.



Home Security





Your Home Your Security Your Responsibility







Home Security



- Locks
- Shrubbery
- Lighting
- Security systems







Home Emergencies

Post Emergency Numbers

Household Rules addressing Visitors

Emergency meeting place





Cyber Security

Don't give out your personal information!

Not on social media.

Not on chat.

Not on email.

Use antivirus software and a firewall.

Avoid using public computers.

If you suspect compromise of personal or official information, contact your security officer immediately.







Tips



Be Anonymous - Blend in, don't be an easily identified target.



Plan Ahead - Think ahead and choose safer options.



Be Aware - Look for suspicious persons/activities.



Control Access - Prevent crime, maintain security.



Be Unpredictable - Change routines, routes, times, and speeds.



Be a Team Player - Cooperate with unit security measures.



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FPCON Levels

Force Protection Condition (FPCON) Levels

There are five FPCONs, beginning with Normal, then Alpha, and moving upward through Bravo, Charlie and Delta.







FPCON Normal

is a general threat of possible terrorist activity and you can expect to see a **routine base security posture**:



Expect to see a routine posture.





FPCON Alpha

When there is a general threat of **possible terrorist activity**, which are **unpredictable**, against personnel and facilities:



Expect random vehicle checks and increased crime prevention efforts.





FPCON Bravo

When an increased and more predictable terrorist threat activity exists:



Expect to see closer inspection of vehicles and deliveries, ID checks, and a greater presence of guards on your installation.





FPCON Charlie

When an incident occurs or when intelligence indicates that some form of terrorist targeting against personnel and facilities is imminent:



Expect increased inspections of vehicles and facilities and an increase in security forces augmentation.





FPCON Delta

When an increased and more predictable terrorist threat activity exists:



Expect an interruption or delay to normal installation routines.





Protective measures may include:

- Gate guards
- Barriers
- ID checks
- Vehicle inspections
- Patrols
- Plan rehearsals
- Random Antiterrorism Measures (RAMs)





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Response to Threat Actions

Suspicious Activity or Persons

Always be on the lookout for suspicious activities or persons. If you see suspicious events or people report them immediately to security forces.





Response to Threat Actions

Suspicious or Unknown Package

Never accept a package, always call to confirm the package, delivery service provider, and sender.

If you receive an unexpected delivery to your hotel room, have the delivery left for you at the front desk.





Response to Threat Actions

Dealing with Terrorists

DO NOT resist if confronted with deadly force.

Avoid escalating the situation.

Remain calm and respectful.

Remember your Code of Conduct training.



Airplane Hijacking

Stay alert & Remain calm

Don't identify yourself as a military member

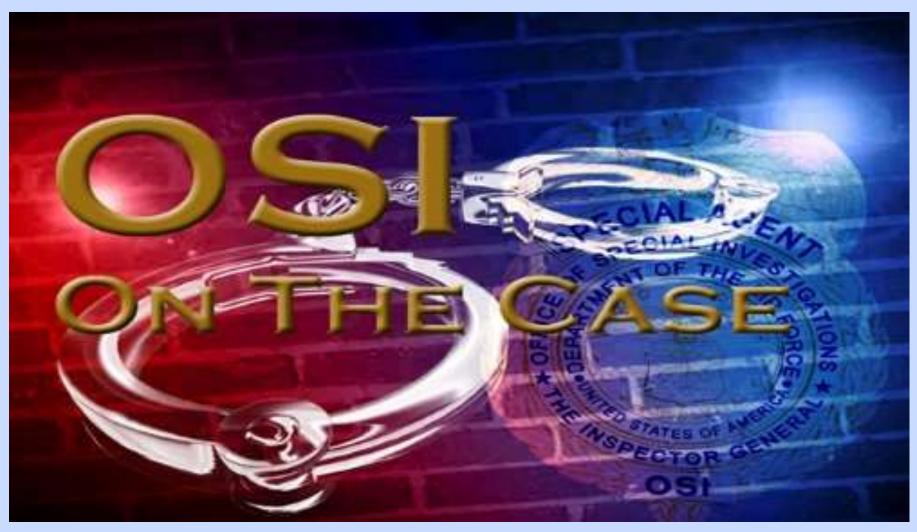
Determine your best course of action based on the situation

You may have to respond to the threat.





Counter-Intelligence





Counter-Intelligence

Critical Technological, industrial, and commercial information.

Intentions and targets of foreign intelligence services.

Neutralize the impact of espionage and sabotage



Intelligence



Intelligence encompasses
functions involved in collecting,
producing, and distributing
data that have strategic,
tactical, or technical value from
and intelligence viewpoint.

Knowing what an adversary is doing, or plans to do, puts one in a much better strategic or tactical position.



Treason



Treason- Whoever, owing allegiance to the United States, levies war against them or adheres to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort with the United States or elsewhere, is guilty of treason (see Title 18, USC. §2831).



Espionage



Espionage involves a government or individual obtaining information that is considered secret or confidential without the permission of the holder of the information.

Espionage is inherently clandestine, and is a subset of Intelligence gathering.



Sabotage



Sabotage is deliberate action aimed at weakening another entity through subversion, obstruction, disruption, or destruction.

In war, the word is used to describe the activity of an individual or groups actions result in the destruction or damaging of the productive or vital facility, such as equipment, factories, dams, public services, or logistic routes.



Subversion



Subversion is an act or acts inciting military or civilian personnel of the Department of Defense to violate laws, disobey lawful orders or regulations, or disrupt military activities with the willful intent thereby to interfere with, or impair the loyalty, morale, or discipline, of the Military Forces of the United States.



CI Threats

<u>Traditional</u> -- Hostile countries that openly target the United States

Non-Traditional -- threats today come in the form of terrorism, drug trafficking, serious communicable diseases, piracy, illegal immigration and information security.

<u>Information Mercenaries</u> -- Anyone who may seek intelligence information or access to the information for possible profit (i.e. Computer Hackers, Media, Aircraft Spotters, etc.)



Counterintelligence

CI incidents happen daily, and threats originate from various countries, groups, and individuals. The focus of the collection ranges from technological, to strategic, to terrorist.









Reportable Situations

You must report any of the following situations immediately:

Unauthorized contact with an individual who is suspected of being associated with a foreign intelligence/security organization, including attaches, or terrorist organization.

Illegal activity, conduct, or requests for participation in illegal activities or other conduct that might make someone susceptible to blackmail or result in security violation.



Reportable Situations

Individuals are required to report when unauthorized intrusion into U.S. automated information systems, networks, or other cyber capabilities, whether classified or unclassified;

Unauthorized transmissions of classified or unclassified controlled information without regard to

Medium

Destination

Origin

Must be reported to the AFOSI



Reportable Situations

Incidents or behaviors that are otherwise reportable must be reported to the supporting AFSOI or CI Office.

Remember, "contact" means any exchange of information directed to an individual including:

Solicited or Unsolicited Telephone calls
Text Messages
Interaction via social media
Networking websites
Email
Radio Contact

Face – to – face meeting and repeated contact with foreign national.



REMEMBER

Counter-Intelligence is information gathered (and activities conducted) to protect against espionage and sabotage.

Report any incidents or contacts to AFOSI IMMEDIATELY



Active Shooter



Questions?

This completes your yearly Force Protection Requirement. If you have any questions please reference the ANG SharePoint site:

https://cs3.eis.af.mil/sites/OO-ED-AN-33/ANC/